



(Does not include tattoos or body piercings unless done with intent to harm)

 burning oneself o banging or punching objects or oneself with the intention of hurting oneself o embedding objects under the skin

Of those with NSSI experience

Over

Over

SEVERITY CAN RANGE FROM:

Superficial Wound

use more than one form of NSSI

STOMACHS

Some studies show females are more likely to self injure; others show no difference

Females tend to start younger, injure longer, & use more serious forms (cutting)

Males are more likely to injure while high

or drunk and are more likely to injure in a social setting

WHERE?

Self-injury can be & is performed on any part of the body but most often occurs on:



to

HANDS

Lasting Disfigurement



MYTH

'The average person

who self-injures is

female, white, and

part of the middle-

upper class.' No differences in self-injury by SES or ethnic/racial identity

Transgender studies are rare, so there is limited data on self-injury in this population

Sexual orientation is a potent predictor of self-injury. Bisexuality is a really strong risk factor for self-injury, especially for females.

US STATISTICS

At least

12-37%

adolescents

At least

young adults

*based on recent research syntheses

Majority stop after 5 years of starting NSSI

RELIEVE STRESS

OR PRESSURE

EXPRESS

FEELINGS



PREVALENCE

How common is self-injury among adolescents and young adults worldwide?



verage onset: 15 years old

FEELS

GOOD/ENERGY

RUSH

COPE WITH ANXIETY/ **NEGATIVE FEELINGS**

> DISTRACT AND/OR **PURIFY**

> > **THEMSELVES**

SELF-INJURY TIMELINE

Of those who self-

injure have only one episode

a few of the many diverse

reasons people sélf-injure

TO COPE WITH A SOMETIMES THERE IS HISTORY OF TRAUMA **NO DISTINCT REASON**

ASS • CIATED WITH SELF-INJURY SUBSTANCE ABUSE **BORDERLINE PERSONALITY DISORDER DEPRESSION**

EDUCATE YOUTH TO UNDERSTAND

THE ROLE MEDIA PLAYS IN

INFLUENCING BEHAVIOR

INSTEAD, FOCUS ON INCREASING STAFF

CAPACITY TO RECOGNIZE DISTRESS.

ENHANCE CAPACITY TO EXPERIENCE AND

REGULATE DIFFICULT EMUTIONS

ADDRESS SOURCES OF STRESS IN

PROMOTE POSTIVITE NORMS RELATED TO

COMMUNICATION ABOUT MENTAL &

EMOTIONAL STATUS/NEEDS

EXTERNAL ENVIRONMENT

CHILDHOOD ABUSE (ESPECIALLY SEXUAL ABUSE) SEVERE ABUSE/ABUSE BY A FAMILY MEMBER PTSD EATING DISORDERS **ANXIETY DISORDERS DANGERS** Self-injury can become habitual and hard to stop OF SELF-INJURY The Idea of self-injury can be spread through media Self-injury can be contagious esp. in teen peer groups Few seek medical assistance Broad consensus that selfeven when needed injury is rising in prevalence PREVENTION

> PROMOTE STRATEGIES TO INTERRUPT **NEGATIVE THINKING AVOID UNINTENTIONALLY TEACHING YOUTH** TOO MUCH ABOUT NSSI FORMS & PRACTICES.





For more information on self-injury, intervention, treatment, and much more check-out: The Cornell Research Program on Self-Injury and Recovery Website: http://www.selfinjury.bctr.cornell.edu/ Facebook: www.facebook.com/CRPSIR Twitter: https://twitter.com/selfinjurybctr